

DO YOU KNOW?

1. "Feathery" appearance (lamellar type of periosteal reaction paralleling the diaphyses of hands and wrists) is a pathognomonic radiographic change in-

- a) congenital syphilis
- b) Conradi's disease
- c) thalassemia
- d) thyroid acropachy

2. Nail plate is rich in-

- a) calcium
- b) glycoproteins
- c) phospholipids
- d) sulphur

3. Boiling point of liquid nitrogen-

- a) -166 degree centigrade
- b) -176 degree C
- c) -186 degree C
- d) -196 degree C

4. Painful tumours of the skin include all except-

- a) angioliopoma
- b) dermatofibroma
- c) glomus tumour
- d) leiomyoma

5. Permanent drug-induced pigmentation is seen in all except-

- a) antimalarials
- b) clofazimine
- c) mercurial salts
- d) phenothiazines

6. The following are modified sebaceous glands except-

- a) Fordyce's spots
- b) Moll's glands

c) Montgomery's tubercles

d) Tyson's glands

7) Half and half nails are seen in patients with-

- a) congestive cardiac failure
- b) chronic liver disease
- c) inorganic arsenic poisoning
- d) renal failure

8. Which of the following is/are correct regarding idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura-

- a) gross splenomegaly is seen
- b) male to female ratio is 2:1
- c) megakaryocytes are reduced in the bone marrow
- d) megakaryocytes are present in normal or increased number in the bone marrow

9. All the following statements are correct about Sweet's syndrome except-

- a) lesions are plum - coloured nodules, pseudovesicles and pustules
- b) antibiotics have an important role in the treatment
- c) steroids are the drug of choice
- d) may be associated with conjunctivitis or episcleritis

10. Sebaceous glands are absent in the-

- a) ano-genital surfaces
- b) external auditory meatus
- c) palms and soles
- d) parotid glands

ANSWERS-

1.d 2.a,c,d 3.d 4.b 5.b 6.b 7.d 8.d 9.b 10.c

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