

Bullous impetigo mimicking epidermolysis bullosa

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Figure 1: Hemorrhagic bullae on soles

A 2-year-old boy was brought with 4 days history of 2 fluid-filled lesions on soles. It was associated with minimal itching and there were no constitutional symptoms. Cutaneous examination revealed hemorrhagic bullae of approximately 4×5 cm in size on soles [Figure 1]. One healing erosion was present on the left sole. Other cutaneous, mucosal, teeth and nail examinations were

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within normal limits. Differential diagnosis of bullous impetigo and epidermolysis bullosa was considered. The aspirated fluid was sent for bacterial culture sensitivity and oral amoxicillin with clavulanic acid 375 mg twice daily was started empirically. Aspirated fluid had grown methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*. A final diagnosis of bullous impetigo was made. The lesions subsided completely after 7 days of treatment.

Declaration of patient consent

The authors certify that they have obtained all appropriate patient consent.

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Conflicts of interest

There are no conflicts of interest.

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