DO YOU KNOW

- The mosaic artefact or pattern of irregular polygons seen in potassium hydroxide preparation for examination of fungus is due to
 - a) lipid drops between cells
 - b) bubbles in the specimen
 - c) fibres on the slide
 - d) KOH crystals
- 2. Among monozygotic twins, if one twin has psoriasis, the chance of the other being affected is
 - a) 63%
 - b) 73%
 - c) 83%
 - d) 93%
- 3. The drugs most likely to cause angioedema
 - a) angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors
 - b) beta adrenergic blockers
 - c) calcium channel blockers
 - d) diuretics
- 4. Histologically, the infiltrate of lichen nitidus is
 - a) fibrinoid
 - b) focal
 - c) granulomatous
 - d) lichenoid
- 5. Drugs that can cause linear IgA bullous dermatosis
 - a) barbiturates
 - b) captopril
 - c) lithium
 - d) vancomycin
- 6. An acute, superficial folliculitis composed mainly of eosinophils is seen in the biopsy specimen of
 - a) candidiasis of infancy

- b) erythema toxicum neonatorum
- c) infantile acropustulosis
- d) transient neonatal pustular melanosis
- 7. Diseases that may be distributed in the "seborrheic areas" include
 - a) acne vulgaris
 - b) Darier's disease
 - c) pemphigus foliaceus
 - d) psoriasis
- 8. Direct immunofluorescence findings in porphyria cutanea tarda-
 - a) homogenous IgG at dermo-epidermal junction and around blood vessels
 - b) linear IgG and IgA at DEJ
 - c) linear c3, IgG and IgA at DEJ
 - d) IgG and C3 in intercellular spaces of epidermis
- 9. The drugs commonly causing drug-induced LE
 - a) bleomycin
 - b) hydralazine
 - c) procainamide
 - d) warfarin
- 10. Conditions associated with leukocytoclastic vasculitis
 - a) erythema ab igne
 - b) erythema elevatum diutinum
 - c) Henoch Schonlein purpura
 - d) Kawasaki disease

9. b, c 10. b, c.

<u>Answers</u> 1.a 2.b 3.a 4.c 5.b,c,d 6.b 7.b,c,d 8.a

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