

Mucosal syphilide

A man in his twenties presented with painful, whitish, raised lesions inside his mouth and on lips for 7 months. Personal history was positive for unprotected, men-who-have-sex-with-men (MSM) behaviour. Examination revealed whitish to erythematous, hypertrophic tumid plaques on soft palate and lips [Figures 1 and 2]. Histopathology revealed pseudoepitheliomatous hyperplasia with dense dermal plasma cell infiltration. Immunohistochemistry (IHC) was

positive for CD-38 and CD-138, and no restriction pattern on Kappa and Lambda. IHC suggested reactive mature plasma cells. Rapid plasma reagin (RPR) test (1:64 dilution), and *Treponema pallidum* haemaggulitination (TPHA) test were positive. Retrovirus serology was negative. These investigations confirmed the diagnosis of secondary syphilis and the patient was treated with single intramuscular injection of benzathine penicillin 2.4 million international unit (IU).



Figure 1: Erythematous tumid plaques on the soft palate and lips

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Hazarika, et al. Mucosal syphilide



Figure 2: Erythematous to whitish tumid plaque seen on the upper labial mucosa and split papule seen on the left angle of mouth

Declaration of patient consent

The patient's consent is not required as his identity is not disclosed or compromised.

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Conflicts of interest

There are no conflicts of interest.

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