Yellow urticaria in a patient with alcohol-related liver cirrhosis and jaundice

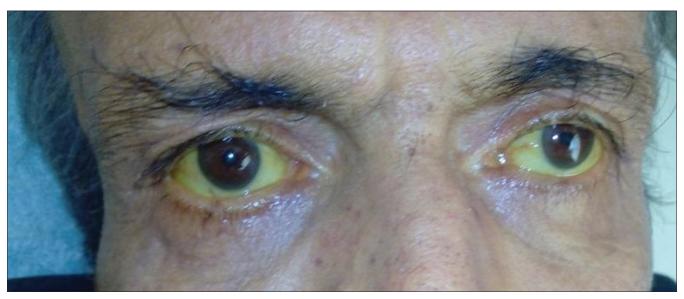


Figure 1: Evident conjunctival icterus of the patient



Figure 2: Multiple yellowish raised hives on the right arm

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A 61-year-old male patient, admitted at our gastroenterology department with acute cholecystitis, alcohol-related liver cirrhosis, and jaundice [Figure 1] developed several evanescent, oedematous yellowish wheals on his body [Figure 2] over the preceding 24 h. He had been administered intravenous (iv) piperacillin/tazobactam 4.5 g and rifaximin 200 mg thrice daily for last 48 hours. Blood tests revealed raised direct bilirubin (13.87 mg/dl) and SGOT (78 U/L). His antibiotics were switched to iv ciprofloxacin and daptomycin. He received chlorphenamine 4 mg/4 ml iv twice daily for 7 days and his urticaria subsided within 24 h. We made a diagnosis of drug-induced urticaria.

Yellow urticaria is associated with elevated level of serum bilirubin resulting in it's excess deposition in various tissues like conjunctiva and skin.¹ Other causes of yellow skin discoloration include carotenemia, several drugs, and inherited disorders including Gilbert syndrome.¹

Declaration of patient consent

The authors certify that they have obtained all appropriate patient consent forms. In the form, the patient has given his consent for his images and other clinical information to be reported in the journal. The patient understands that name and initials will not be published and due efforts will be made to conceal identity, but anonymity cannot be guaranteed.

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Conflicts of interest

There are no conflicts of interest.

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